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## SUMMARY

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#### FAR EAST

### 1. Comment on new South Korean Defense Minister:

On 29 March Radio Pusan announced the resignation of the ROK Defense Minister, Yi Kipong, and the appointment of his successor, Shin T'ae-yong.

The replacement of Yi Kipong, highly regarded both by the UN Command and by the ROK Army, was probably brought about by his increasing affinity for the Democratic Nationalist Party, President Rhee's political opposition. The choice of Shin T'ae-yong as his successor is unfortunate.

Shin, who rose to the rank of lieutenant colonel in the Japanese Army, became chief of staff of the ROK Army in late 1949. He was described by American military observers as an incompetent officer without strong convictions. In April, 1950, he was relieved upon the urgent request of former Minister of Defense Sihn Song-mo.

A political intimate of President Rhee, Shin was active during the US occupation of South Korea in a secret, terroristic and strongly nationalistic youth organization.

Shin's appointment continues the trend of filling the Rhee cabinet with mediocre but personally loyal ministers.

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A	French industrialists may force withdrawal from Indochina:  French industrial and export interests may initiate a press campaign against the continued drain of wealth and manpower in Indochina if they fail to obtain substantial tariff preferences
	in the trade discussions scheduled to start 18 April with the Associated States. The Economic Counselor of the French High Commission, who has just returned to Saigon from Paris, is convinced that French troops would be withdrawn from Indochina within three months after the launching of such a press campaign by big business.
	Minister Heath comments that extensive preferences for French interests would defer the development of stable political institutions in the Associated States and also further reduce the number of adherents to the Bao Dai government.
	Comment: French business interests have supported the military effort in Indochina on the assumption that France would retain economic dominance when peace is established.
·	Even with business hostile, a complete with-drawal is unlikely for reasons of prestige. Nevertheless, a fettering of French economic activity in Indochina would probably result in determined efforts by France to arrive at a negotiated peace with the Viet Minh.
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		NEAR EAST - AFRICA
		NEAR EAST - AFRICA
6. <u>Fo</u>	rmer Iranian Prime	e Minister seeks US support:
		Former Iranian Prime Minister Ahmad Qa
		has approached the American Embassy in seeking US support should he be named Pr
	nuovoionakin unloa	Minister. Qavam said that he does not w
	nce of the Shah and	ss he is drafted by the Majlis and has the full co Parliament,
		Comment: Qavam is the strongest candid
		itside the National Front and, despite his advanc
_	•	ew able leaders in Iran. He is, however, distri- d be unlikely to approve him except as a last re
~J	water	as to different approve in the consequence of the c
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. <u>Br</u>	tain and Egypt unak	ble to agree on Sudan question:
		Egypt and Britain have made a little progr
		in their talks on the proposed defense of the Middle East, but the Egyptian Foreign Min
L hl	without Duitigh	has reiterated that no real agreement is po
DIG	without British rec	cognition of Farouk's title as King of the Sudan.

The Foreign Minister issued what was "practically an ultimatum" that Britain give its answer on the Sudan by 1 April in order that Prime Minister Hilali might determine what action he should take in regard to the 18 May elections. The American Ambassador, however, intends to advise Egypt's officials not to insist on the 1 April time limit.

Ω	Libva	not	considering	Arah	League	membership:
O.,	Libya	пос	considering	Arab	League	member surb.

Libya has no intention of joining the Arab 25X1A League at this time, according to the American The Minister noted that Minister in Tripoli. the King's speech at the opening of Parliament contained friendly references to other Arab states, but no mention of the Arab League. When the American Minister commented on this omission, the King said that it was enough to know one's friends without joining an organization for that purpose.

> While there is considerable Comment: sentiment among Libyans generally favoring Arab League membership, Libya resents the interference of the League, particularly of Egypt, in its domestic affairs.

> Since the new Libyan Government recently invited the construction of American military installations in Cyrenaica and expressed interest in joining the proposed Middle East Command, King Idris may consider it more profitable now to strengthen Libya's ties with the West rather than those with the Arab countries.

#### WESTERN EUROPE

	9. Cominform leader in Trieste rejects rapprochement with pro-Titoists:		
25X1A	The leader of the pro-Yugoslav Communist Party in Trieste, Branko Babic, has proposed a rapprochement with Vittorio Vidali, leader		
	of the Trieste Cominform party,	]	25X1
•	Vidali	-	
	appears to have rejected the proposal.	25X1	
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Comment: This is the first instance of a Yugoslav approach to pro-Cominform leaders in Trieste for joint action against the pro-Italian elements. It has been reported recently, however, that the Babic party, which is small and ineffective, has been attempting to split the Cominform group by accusing Vidali of betraying the cause of an independent Trieste.

10.	Possible Soviet moves in Berlin examined:
25X1A	Although American officials in Berlin believe that recent reports of a Russian plan for another Berlin blockade were 25X1 planted by the USSR as part of a "scare campaign," they anticipate increased harassing in Berlin at the time of West Germany's signing or ratification of the contractual agreements.
	These officials doubt that the Russians will step up interference in Berlin at the present time, however, particularly while they are trying to attract West German sympathy for their unity and peace proposals.
	Comment: Soviet harassing measures in Berlin have slackened in recent months, although the USSR is still causing some inconvenience by delaying the approval of export permits and by the occasional closing of some canal locks on the routes to Berlin.
11.	Some influential Adenauer supporters favor delay in Allied-German negotiations:
25X1 [	Although Chancellor Adenauer wants the current negotiations on the contractual agreements and the European Defense Treaty to be concluded speedily, some of his coalition supporters, including right-wing Free Democrats and left-wing Christian Democrats, now want these discussions delayed.

This small but growing group of influential politicians desires a complete exploration of the 10 March Soviet proposal before any steps are taken which might close the door on German unification. Certain important industrial circles, eager for markets in East Germany, are also showing signs of heightened interest in the Soviet unity offer.

The US High Commissioner observes that some parliamentary deputies may become more critical of the terms of the contractual agreements, feeling that their bargaining position has been strengthened by the Soviet offer.

Comment: The attitude of Adenauer's coalition members towards slowing the present negotiations will depend largely on the nature of the Soviet reply to the Allied note of 25 March. A reasonable Soviet offer for all-German elections may cause Adenauer difficulty in getting the contractural agreements accepted.